



FÉDÉRATION INTERNATIONALE
DE MOTOCYCLISME

**FIM MOTOGP™ ROOKIES CUP
REGULATIONS**

2021

***RÈGLEMENTS DE LA COUPE FIM
MOTOGP™ ESPOIRS***

Articles amended for the season 2021 are in bold type
Articles amended during the season 2021 are in bold and red type

FIM MOTOGP™ ROOKIES CUP REGULATIONS

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GENERAL UNDERTAKINGS AND CONDITIONS

Any references to the male gender in these documents are made solely for the purposes of simplicity, and refer also to the female gender except when the context requires otherwise.

All riders, teams' personnel, officials, organizers and all the persons involved in any capacity whatsoever participating in the FIM MotoGP Rookies Cup (hereinafter referred to as "Cup") undertake, on behalf of themselves, their employees, and agents, to observe all the provisions of:

1. SPORTING REGULATIONS
2. TECHNICAL REGULATIONS
3. DISCIPLINARY AND ARBITRATION CODE
4. CIRCUIT STANDARDS
5. MEDICAL CODE
6. ANTIDOPING CODE
7. ENVIRONMENTAL CODE
8. CODE OF ETHICS

as supplemented and amended from time to time.

All the persons mentioned above may be penalised in accordance with the provisions of the FIM MotoGP Rookies Cup Regulations (hereinafter referred to "Regulations").

Whilst these Regulations may be translated into other languages, in case of any dispute regarding interpretation the Official English text will prevail.

It is the responsibility of the team to ensure that all persons concerned with its entry observe all the requirements of the Regulations. The responsibility of the rider, or any other person having charge of an entered machine during any part of the Event with respect to observance of the Regulations is joint and several with that of the team.

All persons concerned in any way with an entered machine or present in any capacity whatsoever in the Paddock, Pits, Pit lane or Track, must wear an appropriate pass at all times during the Event.



ANTIDOPING CODE

All the persons concerned must at all time observe the FIM Anti-Doping Code and may be penalised accordingly.

1. SPORTING REGULATIONS

1.1 INTRODUCTION

1.1.1

A series of motorcycle races counting toward the FIM MotoGP Rookies Cup for riders will be organised.

1.1.2

Official documents relating to a meeting must conform to article 100.5 of the FIM Sporting Code.

1.2 EVENTS

1.2.1

The Event shall be deemed to commence at the scheduled time for Technical and Sporting Checks and finish after all the races at the expiry of the deadline for the lodging of a protest and the time at which technical or sporting verifications have been concluded, whichever is the latest.

The race control must remain operative with all equipment in place until the end of the period provided for the lodging of a protest, and all officials and marshals must remain at the circuit available to the RC (Rookies Cup) Race Direction and FIM RC Stewards during that period.

1.2.2

Events must be staged on race circuits that have been homologated by the FIM for the Cup.

1.2.3

Events must not include any other races except for Grand Prix races and support races approved by the FIM.

1.2.4

Any activity involving 4 wheeled racing vehicular use of the track during the event, including “demonstrations”, displays or the suchlike must receive prior approval from FIM and DORNA.

1.2.5

Event Promoters (hereinafter “Promoter”)* will be nominated by the FIM and DORNA.

* “Promoter” in the Sporting Regulations section refers to the Organiser and/or promoter of that individual Event.

1.2.6

The Promoter is responsible for providing the facilities and personnel to ensure the smooth and efficient running of the event.

1.2.7

The Promoter shall obtain insurance for third party liability according to article 110.1.1 of the FIM Sporting Code or article 1.2.7 of the FIM World Championship Grand Prix Regulations.

1.2.8

At least 90 days prior to the Event, the Organisers of the event must submit the following information to the FIM:

- a) Confirmation of the name and address of the Promoters, including email address, telephone and facsimile numbers for correspondence.
- b) The date and place of the Event.
- c) A detailed plan of the circuit, its direction, clockwise or anticlockwise, and length.
- d) The location at the circuit of the teams and riders information centre and the official notice board.
- e) The name and address of the company providing the third party liability insurance cover and the number of the policy.
- f) Name and address of FMNR.
- g) The name of the Clerk of the Course (with FIM Clerk of the Course licence).
- h) The name, address and telephone number of the Chief Medical Officer.
- i) The name, address and telephone number of the hospitals designated for the event.

1.3 THE PADDOCK

1.3.1

The Paddock, pit boxes and all other facilities must be available to teams at least on the day prior to the first practice day and remain available to competitors for at least one day after the event.

1.3.2

Access must be available for teams arriving to set up between the hours of 08:00 and 20:30.

1.3.3

At all times that the Paddock is occupied there must be 24 hour attendance at the gates providing vehicular access to the circuit and paddock.

1.3.4

When the Paddock is occupied there must be an adequate medical and fire fighting service available to all riders, teams, manufacturers, sponsors, service companies, officials, FIM, Dorna, IRTA, etc.

At minimum the services must be available from 08.00 - 18.00 hrs on the two days prior to the “setting up of teams’ day”, and on a 24 hour basis for the remainder of the event, ending at midnight on the day after race day.

1.3.5

Full security must be supplied to the Paddock area from at least midnight of the day prior to the first practice day until midnight of the day after the event.

1.4 OFFICIALS

1.4.1 Permanent Officials

All permanent officials shall be appointed for the Championship by the Permanent Bureau.

The following officials will be appointed to perform supervisory and executive roles. Except in cases of illness or Force Majeure the officials will be expected to be present at each event.

RC Race Director

Responsible for ensuring proper observance of the Regulations and efficient running of the practice and races.

The RC Race Director is also responsible for all communications between the RC Event Management Committee and the FIM RC Stewards.

The RC Race Director has no competence for the application of sanctions.

The Clerk of the Course shall work in permanent consultation with the RC Race Director.

The RC Race Director shall have overriding authority in the following matters and the Clerk of the Course may give orders in respect of them only with his express agreement:

- a) The control of practice and the race, adherence to the timetable and, if he deems it necessary, the making of any proposal to the RC Race Direction to modify the timetable in accordance with the Sporting Regulations.
- b) The stopping of practice or the race in accordance with the Sporting Regulations if he deems it unsafe to continue and ensuring that the correct restart procedure is carried out.
- c) The starting procedure.
- d) The use of medical cars/fast interventions vehicles.

FIM Medical Officer

Responsible for liaison with the Chief Medical Officer who is appointed by the Promoter to ensure compliance with the Medical Code.

Starter

Responsible for the start procedure.

1.4.2 Individual Event officials

All individual Event Officials shall be appointed for each event by the FMNR/Promoter and shall be approved by the FIM. They are:

1.4.2.1 Clerk of the Course - Responsible for:

- a) Ensuring that the circuit is suitably prepared for and maintained during the Event and that all legal requirements applicable for the running of the event have been complied with.
- b) Ensuring that all officials and services are in place.

The stationing of all track personnel and equipment (i.e. marshals, fire-fighting services, Moto-taxi, recovery and intervention vehicles, flags, etc.) alongside the Circuit no later than 30 minutes prior to the beginning of all practice sessions and warm-ups. Once the morning medical inspection is finished, medical personnel should stand 5 meters behind the track marshals or leave. Only sportive personnel should stay at the edge of the track for the “sporting” inspection.

The RC Race Director, the Clerk of the Course and the Medical Director will make the final inspection of the Circuit to ensure this regulation is complied with, 30 minutes prior to the beginning of the day’s first practice sessions and/or warm up.

During the final inspection lap, the yellow flag must be waved at each flag marshal post together with the display of other flags and equipment requested by the RC Race Director.

- c) Taking decisions to ensure the smooth and efficient running of the event.
- d) Ensuring that the event is run within the Regulations.
- e) Notification of protests to the RC Race Direction.
- f) Immediate approval and signature with time of provisional results (practices, warm-ups, starting grids and races) and presentation of reports to the RC Event Management Committee.

1.4.2.2 Secretaries - Responsible for:

- a) During the event effecting communications between the various officials.
- b) Providing secretarial support for the RC Event Management Committee, the RC Race Direction and the FIM RC Stewards.

1.4.2.3 Other Officials

Marshals, Technical Scrutineers, Security Personnel, Medical personnel etc., as required for the efficient running of the event.

All communications between the individual Event Officials must be made via the relevant Permanent Officials.

1.4.3 The RC Race Direction

The RC Race Direction shall be appointed for the Championship by the Permanent Bureau.

1.4.4 FIM RC Stewards

The FIM RC Stewards shall be appointed for each event by the FIM.

1.5 RC EVENT MANAGEMENT

1.5.1

The management of the event will be carried out by the RC Event Management Committee which will comprise the following delegates:

The RC Race Director/Dorna representative - who will chair the meetings,

The FIM Medical Officer

The Clerk of the Course,

The RC FIM Chief Steward

The Rookies Cup organisation representative.

1.5.2

At any time the duties of the members of the RC Event Management Committee are:

- a) To ensure the smooth and efficient running of the event.
- b) To make recommendations to the RC Race Direction concerning any matter that is in contradiction to the Organiser's protocols or the Regulations.
- c) To report to the FIM RC Stewards any infringements of the Regulations.

1.5.3

The RC Event Management Committee will meet at any time required during the event, either in person or via electronic meeting. Meetings will be held, in principle:

- a) Prior to the first practice session.
- b) At the end of each practice day.
- c) At the end of the event.

1.5.4

The quorum for a meeting of the RC Event Management Committee is three persons.

1.5.5

All of the members have one vote. Decisions are based on a simple majority. In the case of a tie, then the RC Race Director will exercise a casting vote.

1.5.6

The RC Race Director may also invite the participation of Officials or other persons to assist in the meetings. However, these invited persons will have no right of vote.

1.5.7

The duties of the RC Event Management Committee are:

- a) To receive reports from the various Officials concerning scrutineering, practice and races.
- b) To make recommendations to the Promoter to improve the smooth and efficient running of the event.

1.6 RC RACE DIRECTION

1.6.1

The RC Race Direction will comprise the following persons:

- The RC FIM Representative (also acting as FIM RC Steward)
- The RC DORNA Representative (also acting as RC Race Director)
- The Rookies Cup Representative

1.6.2

The quorum for a meeting of the RC Race Direction is two persons.

1.6.3

Each member has one vote. Decisions are based on a simple majority. However, in case of a tie, the RC Race Director will exercise a casting vote.

1.6.4

The RC Race Direction will meet at any time required during the event.

1.6.5

The duties of the RC Race Direction are:

- a) To take decision as provided in the Regulations.
- b) To oversee operational matters to ensure the safe, efficient, and timely running of the event according to the FIM MotoGP Rookies Cup Regulations.

- c) To make changes in the conduct and/or format of a race and/or a practice session based on safety considerations and provided that such decision is absolutely necessary to resolve a situation not foreseen in the Regulations. In such exceptional cases, such decision may prevail over specific provisions of the Regulations.
- d) Provided that it is absolutely necessary to resolve a situation not foreseen in the Regulations, the Race Direction may issue pre-race instructions or clarifications and in specific cases even create pre-race regulations (e.g. to take into account the local conditions at a particular circuit). However, such actions may only be taken within the limits set out by the Regulations.

1.7 THE FIM RC STEWARDS

1.7.1

There will be a panel of up to three FIM RC Stewards (with FIM Sporting Steward licence) supervised by the Chairman, who will chair the meetings.

1.7.2

The Chairman and the Stewards are responsible for enforcing the Regulations. All Stewards shall be approved by the Permanent Bureau.

1.7.3

The quorum for a meeting of the FIM RC Stewards is two persons.

1.7.4

If the Chairman is indisposed during the Event then the second FIM Steward will fill the vacancy.

1.7.5

Each member has one vote. Decisions are based on a simple majority. In the case of a tie, the Chairman will exercise a casting vote.

1.7.6

The FIM RC Stewards have no executive role in the running of the events except for the imposition of penalties and the adjudication of protests as per Article 1.7.8.

1.7.7

The FIM RC Steward will meet at any time required during the event.

1.7.8

The FIM RC Steward are responsible for:

- a) Taking decisions according to the Regulations.
- b) Imposing penalties for any infringement of the Regulations.
- c) Adjudicating on any protest relating to infringements of the Regulations.

1.7.9

All decisions of the FIM RC Steward must be communicated in writing to the RC Race Direction and all affected parties.

1.8 THE CALENDAR

1.8.1

The calendar of races counting for the Cup will be, in principle, published by no later than 31st October of the preceding year.

1.8.2

The season is defined as starting on the day after the final race of the year, and finishing on the day of the final race of the following year.

1.8.3

The date of an event may be rescheduled due to force majeure, in consultation with FIM, Dorna and the Promoter, under the powers of Race Direction detailed in Art. 1.6.5.c).

1.9 MOTORCYCLES

1.9.1 Classes

The class admitted is 250cc single cylinder 4 strokes, according to Article 2.

1.9.2 Means of propulsion

A motorcycle can only be propelled by its own motive power, the muscular effort of its rider and by the natural forces of gravity.

1.10 ELIGIBLE COMPETITORS

Riders must hold a valid licence” issued by a FMN.

Licences for riders are issued only when the minimum age of 13 years old has been attained.

The limit for the minimum age starts on the date of the rider’s birthday.

The limit for the maximum age finishes at the end of the year in which the rider reaches the age of **21**.

1.11 ENTRIES

1.11.1

A compulsory briefing will be held for all the riders who will be participating for the first time in the current Cup on the day preceding the day scheduled for the first practice session.

Failure to attend the briefing in full may result in a penalty.

A waiver can be granted to a rider by the RC Race Direction.

1.11.2

A rider competing in the FIM Rookies Cup is not permitted to participate in practices or races of other classes at the same event, unless authorised by RC Race Direction.

1.11.3

A rider shall be deemed to have taken part in the event when he participates in, at least, one practice session.

1.11.4

A rider shall be deemed to have started a race when he participates in, at least, the first lap of the race.

1.12 STARTING NUMBERS

1.12.1

Each rider accepted for the Cup will be allocated a specific starting number which will be valid for the whole Cup.

1.13 SCHEDULE

1.13.1

The Event schedule will be published before each event.

1.13.2

The schedule, including the date of the event, can only be varied as follows:

- i) Prior to the event by Dorna;
- ii) During the event by the RC Race Direction.

1.13.3

The schedule may include an allotted time for riders and teams to make track laps by bicycle or on foot, scooters are forbidden.

All traffic at this time must be in the circuit direction.

1.14 TECHNICAL CONTROL - MEDICAL CONTROL - DOPING CONTROL

1.14.1

All rider's equipment should be checked by the Technical Scrutineers prior to first participation in practice on safety aspects, according to the published schedule. Motorcycles will be checked by the RC Organisation technical staff.

Teams may present only one motorcycle per rider for Technical control which will be carried out according the published schedule prior to the first practice.

Unless a waiver is granted by the RC Race Direction, teams who do not comply with the schedule for technical or medical controls will not be allowed to take part in the event.

1.14.2

The procedure for Medical Control is described in the Medical Code.

1.14.3

Any rider to be tested for doping control must report to the doping control room in the medical centre with sufficient identification within one hour of notification.

One associate may accompany the rider.

1.15 PRACTICE & TESTING

1.15.1 Practice & Testing Restrictions

- a) A FIM Rookies Cup "Event" is defined as starting at the scheduled time for RC Technical and Sporting checks, usually a Thursday. This time and date is used when determining 7 days before an Event in regards to testing restrictions.
- b) Rider Training and Track Familiarisation is permitted at any time at any circuit under the following conditions:

Such on-track activity is not permitted within the 7 days before a FIM Rookies Cup Event at that circuit unless authorised by the RC Race Direction. This includes private testing and participation in organised events at that circuit during this time period.

1.15.2 Practice Sessions (warm-up inclusive)

- i) Riders will commence practice from the pit lane when the green light is displayed at the exit of the pit lane.
- ii) The duration of practice will commence from the illumination of the green light. A count-down will be shown on the official timekeeping monitors to indicate the minutes of practice remaining.
- iii) The end of practice will be indicated by the waving of a chequered flag at which time the pit exit will be closed. A rider's time will continue to be recorded until he passes the finish line after the allotted time has elapsed. After the chequered flag, riders complete one additional lap prior to entering the pits.
- iv) If practice is interrupted due to an incident or any other reason, then a red flag will be waved at the start line and at all marshals posts. All riders must return slowly to the pit lane. When practice is restarted, the time remaining will be that shown on the monitors of the official timekeepers at the moment the red flags were waved, unless otherwise adjusted by Race Direction.
- v) After practice has started, it is not permitted for any person to alter the condition of the racing surface of the circuit. This includes track Marshals and other Officials, who cannot clean the track surface without prior instructions and/or authorisation from the RC Race Director.

1.15.3 Motorcycles

A rider may practice on one motorcycle providing that his motorcycle has been scrutineered in his/her name.

1.15.4 Lap time

All laps of the riders will be timed.

Official circuit records will be recognised as the following:

- All Time Lap Record - the fastest lap time in history, including all sessions at a race event.
- Best Race Lap - the fastest lap time in history recorded during a race.

Both for practice and for race, the lap time is the subtraction of the time between two consecutive crossings of the plane of the finish line indicated by the line painted on the track.

1.15.5 Qualification for the Race

To qualify for the race, a rider must achieve a time during the Qualifying session(s) at least equal to 107% of the qualifying time recorded by the fastest rider.

Any rider who fails to achieve a qualifying time will be permitted to take part in the race provided that in any of the free practice sessions he/she has achieved a time at least equal to 107% of the fastest rider in same session. Such riders will start the race from the back of the grid, in order of their free practice times.

Exemptions may be granted by The RC Race Direction.

1.16 GRID POSITIONS

1.16.1

The pole position, allocated to the fastest rider, will be determined during the homologation of the circuit.

1.16.2

The Grid will be arranged in the 3-3-3-3 configuration “in echelon”.

Each line will be offset.

There will be a distance of 9 metres between each row.

1.16.3

Grid positions for all races (in case there is more than one race at an event) will be based on the fastest time recorded by the riders in all qualifying practice.

In the case where all qualifying practice have been cancelled, the grid position will be based on the fastest time recorded by the riders in all free practices.

1.16.4

In the event of a tie, riders’ second and subsequent best times will be taken into account.

1.16.5

The final grid will be published at the latest one hour before the start of the race.

1.16.6

In regard to grid positions and start procedures, “back of the grid” is defined as the grid position immediately after the final rider’s qualifying grid position. In the case of multiple back of grid starts riders will take subsequent positions according to the specific rule being invoked.

Race Direction may change the back of the grid definition where necessary due to circuit conditions.

1.16.7

In the case of a rider starting the race from pit lane, when this is known before the final grid is published (eg. due to a penalty), the final grid will show the rider in last position and riders qualifying behind that rider will move up to fill the vacant positions. The rider will make the sighting lap and take last place on the grid, then enter pit lane at the end of the warm up lap, in order to start the race from pit lane.

1.17 RACES

1.17.1

The length of races will be published before each event.

1.17.2

The length of a race may only be varied by the RC Race Direction.

1.17.3

A visible countdown board will be shown at the finish line to indicate the number of remaining laps in the race.

1.17.4

If the Timekeeping rooms are fed by normal power (electricity) supply, they must also be permanently connected to an U.P.S. (Uninterruptible Power System) and to a generator.

1.18 STANDARD START PROCEDURE

Note that, due to specific circuit or climatic conditions, RC Race Direction in consultation with the RC Organisation may alter any start schedules as necessary.

1. Only riders who have completed at least one sighting lap will be permitted to start the race from their position published on the final grid. Under no circumstances may they push onto the grid from the pit lane.
2. Approximately 15 Minutes before the Start of the Race - Pit lane exit opens for sighting laps.

Green lights on at the pit lane exit.

Count-down boards of 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1 minutes are shown at the pit exit.

Riders may complete more than one sighting lap by passing through the pit lane where they may make adjustments, change tyres, change machines or refuel.

3. Approximately 10 Minutes before the Start of the Race - Pit lane exit closes.

Red lights on at the pit lane exit.

4. Riders who do not go onto the grid may start the warm up lap from the pit lane under the instructions of a marshal positioned at the pit lane exit.

Riders starting the warm up lap from the pit lane must start the race from the back of the grid.

- 5) When riders reach the grid after the sighting lap(s) they must stop at the rear of the grid and turn off the engine. The motorcycle will then be pushed at walking pace by a team member to the grid position. The rider may dismount or remain on the motorcycle to be pushed to the grid position.

Riders on the grid may be attended by up to five persons including one person who may hold an umbrella.

All attendants on the grid must wear a “Grid Pass”.

- 6) The RC Race Director will, at this stage, declare the race as “wet” or “dry” and will indicate this to the riders on the grid and those who may still be in the pit lane by the display of a board. If no board is displayed the race will automatically be “dry”.
- 7) Riders on the grid may at this stage make adjustments to the machine or change tyres to suit the track conditions.

Tyre warmers may be used on the grid.

One generator per machine may be used to power tyre warmers on the grid.

All adjustments must be completed by the display of the 3 minutes board. After this board is displayed, riders who still wish to make adjustments must push their machine to the pit lane. Such riders and their machines must be clear of the grid and in the pit lane before the display of the 1 minute board, where they may continue to make adjustments or change machine. Such riders will start the warm up lap from the pit lane and will start the race from the back of the grid.

- 8) Refuelling or changing fuel tank on the grid is forbidden.
- 9) 5 Minutes Before the Start of the Warm Up Lap - Display of 5 Minute Board on the grid.
- 10) 3 Minutes Before the Start of the Warm Up Lap - Display of 3 Minute Board on the grid.

Generators must be disconnected from tyre warmers and removed from the grid as quickly as possible.

At this point, all persons other than one mechanic per rider, the person holding the umbrella for the rider, the television crew of the host broadcaster and essential officials must leave the grid.

No person (except essential officials) is allowed to go on the grid at this point.

- 11) 1 Minute Before the Start of the Warm Up Lap - Display of 1 Minute Board on the grid.

Immediate removal of tyre warmers from machines on the grid.

At this point, all team personnel except the mechanic will leave the grid. The mechanic will, as quickly as possible, assist the rider to start the machine and will then vacate the grid.

- 12) 30 Seconds Before the Start of the Warm Up Lap - Display of 30 Second Board on the grid.

All riders must be in position on the grid with engines running. No further assistance from mechanics is permitted. Any rider who is unable to start his machine must remove it to the pit lane, under the control of the grid marshals, where he may make further attempts to start it. Such riders may start the warm up lap from the pit lane and will start the race from the back of the grid.

- 13) 2 Minutes Before the Start of the Race - Green flag waved to start warm up lap.

Any rider who stalls their engine on the grid or who has other difficulties must signal by raising an arm. Attempting to restart the motorcycle on the grid is not permitted. Under the supervision or assistance of an official the rider and machine will exit the grid to the pit lane as quickly as possible where mechanics may provide assistance. Such riders may start the warm up lap from the pit lane and will start the race from the back of the grid, provided they exit before the pit lane is closed and reach the grid before the Safety Car. If they do not exit before pit lane is closed, they will start the race from pit lane. Team personnel are not permitted to re-enter the grid after it has been cleared, unless instructed to do so by an official.

The riders will make one lap, at unrestricted speed, followed by a safety car. The safety car will overtake slow riders.

As soon as the riders have passed the pit lane exit lights, the pit lane exit light will be turned green, and any rider waiting in the pit lane will be permitted to join the warm up lap. Thirty seconds later, the light will turn red, closing the pit lane exit.

On returning to the grid the riders must take up their positions with the front wheel of their motorcycle up to and behind the front line and between the side lines defining the grid position and keep their engines running. The front tyre must not be touching the track surface outside of the painted lines.

If two or more riders must start from the back of the grid, they will take up position in the order in which they qualified for the race.

An official will stand at the front of the grid holding a red flag motionless.

Any rider who arrives at the pit lane entry point at any time after the safety car must enter the pit lane and start the race from the pit lane exit (therefore a rider who does not make the race start from the grid at the correct time, must make the start from the pit lane exit).

Any rider who encounters a problem with his machine on the warm up lap may return to the pit lane and make repairs or change machine.

Any rider who stalls his engine on the grid or who has other difficulties must remain on the motorcycle and raise an arm. It is not permitted to attempt to delay the start by any other means. Attempting to restart the motorcycle on the grid is not permitted. Under the supervision or assistance of an official the rider and machine will exit the grid to the pit lane where mechanics may provide assistance.

As each row of the grid is completed, the officials will lower the panels indicating that their row is complete. Panels will not be lowered when a rider in that row has indicated that he has stalled his motorcycle or has other difficulties. When all panels have been lowered and the safety car has taken up its position, an official at the rear of the grid will wave a green flag.

The Starter will then instruct the official at the front of the grid, displaying the red flag, to walk to the side of the track.

- 14) A red light will be displayed for between 2 and 5 seconds. The red light will go out to start the race.

A safety car will follow behind the motorcycles for the whole of the first lap. The safety car will overtake slow riders.

If the red lights' device is fed by normal power (electricity) supply, it must also be connected to a set of car batteries or to an U.P.S. (Uninterruptable Power System) to provide power to the starting lights' device if the electric line breaks down just at the moment of the start.

Any rider who anticipates the start will be penalised by the FIM RC Stewards. The standard penalty is two Long Lap Penalties as described in Article 1.19.2. The two Long Laps must be completed within 5 laps of the rider receiving notification of the penalty. Other penalties may be imposed.

The motorcycle must be stationary at the time the red lights are turned off. Anticipation of the start is defined by the motorcycle moving forward at the time the red lights are turned off.

In the case of a minor movement and subsequent stop whilst the red lights are on, the designated officials will be the sole judge of whether an advantage has been gained.

If a penalty is imposed for taking advantage by anticipating the start Race Direction must communicate the penalty to the rider as soon as possible.

- 15) If, after the start of the race, a rider stalls their machine, officials will assist to push the machine into the pit lane, where mechanics may provide assistance.

Team personnel are not permitted to re-enter the grid after it has been cleared, unless instructed to do so by an official.

- 16) After the riders have passed the exit of the pit road, the green light at the pit lane exit will be switched on to start any riders still in the pit lane. **A pit lane race start will be made from a stationary position as indicated by the officials. However a rider who is delayed (for example due to machine problems or repairs) and arrives after the pit exit is open will not be required to stop at pit exit before joining the race.**

When more than one rider is starting from the pit lane, officials will control their start position and order.

The exit of the pit road is defined as the point where the pit road joins the circuit, or as defined by RC Race Direction.

- 17) Unless the race is interrupted, after the leading rider has passed the finish line at the end of his first lap, no further changes of machines are permitted.

18) Start Delayed

Should there be a problem that might prejudice safety at the start, the Starter will invoke the Start Delayed procedure as follows:

- A red flag is waved from the Starter's rostrum and the red light stays on.
- The "Start Delayed" board is displayed from the Starter's rostrum and a marshal will wave a yellow flag at each row of the starting grid from the signaling platform.
- Riders must stay in their grid position with helmets on, engines may be switched off.
- The machine(s) which caused the Start Delayed procedure will be removed to the pit lane, regardless of what work is needed to restart the machine. If they can be restarted or a spare machine is taken the rider may start the warm up lap from pit lane, and will start the race from the back of the grid.
- After display of the Start Delayed board, a maximum of 2 mechanics per rider are allowed on the grid. Only tyre warmers, stands, starter engines and hand-carried tools are allowed, no generators are allowed on the grid.
- Only essential officials are allowed on the grid, no media, guests, umbrella-holders or other team personnel will be permitted, with the exception of camera crew(s) authorised by the MotoGP Rookies Cup Organisers.
- The start procedure will be re-commenced at the 3 minute board, which the Starter will order to be displayed as soon as possible (normally as soon as all riders on the grid are attended by their team).
- Following the 1 minute and 30 second boards the riders will complete an additional warm up lap. The race distance will automatically be reduced by one lap, or more if deemed necessary by RC Race Direction.

Any person who, due to his behaviour on the grid is responsible for a "start delayed" may be further penalised.

19) Rain on Grid

If the pit lane is opened for the Sighting Lap with the track dry but the track becomes wet during or after the sighting lap (ie. when the riders are on the track or on the grid), the Starter may invoke the following procedure.

(Note: as climatic conditions and their severity can never be accurately forecast, Race Direction in consultation with the RC Organization may react to specific situations by issuing different instructions.)

- The Rain on Grid Procedure board is displayed. This may be before or after the normal five minute countdown has started on the grid.
- All bikes will be moved to pit lane where wheel changes and adjustments may be made.
- Approximately 10 minutes after the display of the Rain on Grid Procedure board, the pit lane will open for 5 minutes (8 minutes in the case that all practice sessions have been dry).
- Riders may make more than one sighting lap, passing through the pit lane.
- At the same time the pit exit is closed, the 5-Min board will be displayed on the grid, starting the 5-3-1-30 sec countdown for the warm up lap.
- Team members must leave the grid as normal, and the standard start procedure applies from that point according to Art. 1.18.10) - 17) inclusive.
- The race distance is reduced to 2/3 of the original distance.

20) Wet Race Start (following all dry practice)

In case all practice and warm up sessions have been dry (as declared by the Race Director), and the race start is declared wet before the opening of pit lane for the sighting lap, the following Wet Race Start procedure will apply.

- The declaration of Wet Race Start will be made as early as possible before the opening of the pit lane and communicated to teams.
- The pit lane will open on time and remain open for 8 minutes.

- Riders may make more than one sighting lap, passing through the pit lane.
- Refuelling and adjustments are permitted in pit lane during the sighting laps period.
- At the same time the pit exit is closed, the 5-min board will be displayed on the grid, starting the 5-3-1-30sec countdown for the warm up lap.
- The race distance may be shortened by the Race Director, in consultation with the RC Organisation.

21) Quick Start Procedure

When a race is stopped, riders must return to the pit lane, unless otherwise instructed by officials. If there is to be a restart, the following procedure will apply:

- Upon arrival in the pit lane, repairs and adjustments may be made to the motorcycle. Refuelling is permitted.
- When all riders have entered the pit lane the Race Director will announce the time remaining to the re-opening of the pit lane, which will be a minimum of 5 minutes. The time remaining to the opening of the pit exit will be displayed on timing screens and countdown boards.
- When the time period has elapsed, the pit lane exit will be opened for SIXTY SECONDS only. Riders will make one lap at unrestricted speed to the starting grid, followed by a Safety Car. Any rider delaying the progress of the sighting lap will be overtaken by the Safety Car. Any rider arriving behind the Safety Car must go into the pit lane. Such riders will have to start the warm up lap from the pit lane and will start the race from the back of the grid.
- Any riders remaining in the pit lane after it has been closed will have to start the warm up lap from the pit exit and start the race from the back of the grid.



- ONE mechanic only, per rider, may go onto the grid (without tools) to primarily indicate to his rider his position on the grid. In the case that the restarted race involves new grid positions, the mechanic should avail himself of his rider's new grid position from the classification displayed on the timing screen or from officials who will be positioned at the entry point to the grid with the revised starting grid information.
- Riders will arrive back on the starting grid and stop in their grid position, with engines running, no adjustments may be made. Any rider requiring repairs or adjustments on the sighting lap from the pit exit must enter the pit lane.
- As soon as the Safety Car arrives on the back of the grid, a 30-seconds board will be displayed at the front of the grid. At this point the mechanics must immediately leave the grid by the quickest route. The 30 seconds may be reduced at the discretion of the Starter when the grid is cleared and it is considered safe.
- After 30 seconds have elapsed and/or the grid is clear, a green flag will be shown to start the warm up lap.
- The riders will make one warm up lap at unrestricted speed, followed by a Safety Car. When the last rider has passed the pit exit lights it will be opened for a period of 30 seconds to release any rider waiting. After 30 seconds, the pit lane exit will remain closed until after the start of the race. Any rider not able to leave the pit exit whilst it is open will start the race from the pit exit. Any rider delaying the progress of the warm up lap will be overtaken by the Safety Car.
- Upon arrival back at the starting grid the normal start procedure will be followed, with the start signal given in the normal manner.
- Riders who started the warm up lap from the pit lane must start the race from the back of the grid as directed by officials. In case of two or more riders, they will take up the last grid positions in order of their grid positions. Any rider arriving at the pit lane entry point after the Safety Car must enter the pit lane and start the race from the pit lane exit.

- After the start signal has been given and the last rider has passed the end of the pit exit road, the pit exit will be opened, as per Article 1.18.16. Any riders still in the pit lane may then start the race.
- The Quick Start procedure may be invoked by RC Race Direction as necessary in cases other than an interrupted race (for example a delayed start procedure).

1.19 SPECIAL RACE PENALTIES PROCEDURES

Among various penalties, the FIM RC Stewards may apply the following ones:

1.19.1 Ride Through Procedure

During the race, the rider will be requested to ride through the pit lane. Stopping is not permitted. The rider may then rejoin the race.

The rider must respect the speed limit (Art. 1.21.13), in the pit lane. In case of infraction of this speed limit, **the rider will be penalised by the FIM RC Stewards (default penalty is 2X Long Lap penalty, however other penalties may be imposed), and repeated infractions during the race will be further penalised.**

In the event of a restarted race, the above regulation will also apply.

In the case of a race interrupted prior to the penalty being complied with and if there is a second part, the rider will be required to ride through after the start of the second part of the race.

Yellow boards (100 cm horizontal x 80 cm vertical) displaying the riders' numbers (black colour) will be shown at the finish line and the information will also be displayed on the timekeeping monitors.

Failure by the relevant rider to ride through, having been shown the board 3 times, will result in that rider being shown the black flag.

In the case where the organisation has been unable to carry out the ride through penalty before the end of the race, the relevant rider will be inflicted with a time penalty as determined by RC Race Direction to reflect the ride through time, and notified to teams before the race.

1.19.2 Long Lap Penalty Procedure

During a race, a rider may be instructed to complete the Long Lap Penalty procedure. The rider must ride through the pre-defined route, usually painted on an asphalt runoff area.

The penalty will be communicated via dashboard signals (where possible) and a board displayed for the rider at the finish line or other pre-defined area.

If the rider does not comply after the board has been presented 3 times the rider will be penalised with a **2 x Long Lap Penalty** (or other penalty as decided by the FIM RC Stewards).

In the case of a 2 x Long Lap Penalty being given, these 2 long laps must be completed within 5 laps of the penalty notification.

If the rider does not **complete** this 2X Long Lap Penalty after the board has been presented 5 times, **they** will be penalised with a pit lane ride through or other penalty as decided by **the FIM RC Stewards**.

The rider must stay within the lines defining the Long Lap route, infractions may result in the penalty being repeated, or other penalty as decided by the FIM RC Stewards.

The rider carrying out the Long Lap penalty is responsible for leaving and rejoining the track to follow the designated route, in a safe manner without disturbing or endangering other riders. Infractions will be strongly penalised.

Overtaking is forbidden within the Long Lap route.

The penalty should not be carried out when there are yellow flags covering the penalty area, in this case extra lap(s) will be added to the number of laps allowed to comply if the area is unusable due to yellow flags.

In the case where the organisation has been unable to, or has decided not to carry out the long lap penalty before the end of the race, the relevant rider will be inflicted with an equivalent time penalty, or other penalty as decided by the FIM RC Stewards.

In the case of a race interrupted prior to a long lap penalty being carried out, the relevant rider will be required to carry out a long lap penalty in the second part if the race is restarted, **or other penalty such as an equivalent time penalty, as decided by the FIM RC Stewards.**

The Long Lap route and equivalent time penalty will be notified to the teams prior to the first practice session.

1.20 “WET” AND “DRY” RACES

All races will be categorised as either wet or dry. A board may be displayed on the grid to indicate the status of the race. If no board is displayed, the race is automatically dry. The purpose of this classification is to indicate to riders the consequence of varying climatic conditions during a race.

1.20.1.1

Dry Races - a race classified as dry will be interrupted by the RC Race Director, if he considers that climatic conditions affecting the surface of the track makes it likely that riders will wish to change tyres.

1.20.1.2

Wet Races - a race classified as wet, usually commenced in varying or wet conditions, will not be interrupted for climatic reasons and riders who wish to change tyres or make adjustments must enter the pits and do so during the actual race.

1.20.1.3

In all cases where the first race is interrupted for climatic reasons, then the restart will automatically be a “wet” race.

1.21 BEHAVIOUR DURING PRACTICE AND RACE

- 1) Riders must obey the flag signals, the light signals, and the boards which convey instructions. Any infringement to this rule will be penalised according to the provisions of article 1.22.
- 2) Riders must ride in a responsible manner which does not cause danger to other competitors or participants, either on the track or in the pit-lane. Any infringement of this rule may be penalized.

- 3) Riders should use only the track and the pit-lane. However, if a rider accidentally leaves the track then he may rejoin it at the place indicated by the officials or at a place which does not provide an advantage to him.

Any infringement of this rule during the practices or warm up will be penalised by the cancellation of the lap time concerned and during the race, by a penalty decided by the RC Stewards.

Penalties imposed during a race will be communicated via a board displayed for the rider at the finish line during a maximum of 3 laps. If the rider did not comply after the board has been presented 3 times **(5 times in case of a 2 x Long Lap Penalty)**, they will be penalised by the FIM RC Stewards (penalties may include Long Lap, 2 x Long Lap, ride through, black flag).

A time penalty may be imposed in lieu of a penalty where necessary. Further penalties may also be imposed.

- 4) Any repairs or adjustments along the race track must be made by the rider working alone with no outside assistance, except that rendered by the marshals. The marshals may assist the rider to the extent of helping him to lift the machine and holding it whilst any repairs or adjustments are made. The rider may then be assisted by marshals or others to re-start by pushing or to move the machine, on track, trackside or in the service road. No person other than marshals or riders are permitted on the track side of the first line of protection.
- 5) If the rider intends to retire, then he must park his motorcycle in a safe area as indicated by the marshals.
- 6) If the rider encounters a problem with the machine which will result in his retirement from the practice or the race, then he should not attempt to tour at reduced speed to the pits but should pull off the track and park his machine in a safe place as indicated by the marshals.
- 7) Riders who are returning slowly to the pits for remedial work should ensure that they travel as far as possible off the racing line.

- 8) Riders may enter the pits during the race, but taking the motorcycle inside the pit box is not permitted.

Refuelling is strictly prohibited after the race start.

Any infringement of this rule will be penalised with a disqualification.

- 9) Riders who stop their engines in the pits may be assisted to re-start their motorcycle by the mechanics.
- 10) Riders are not allowed to transport another person on their machine or to be transported by another rider on his machine (exception: Another rider or by another rider after the chequered flag or red flag).
- 11) Riders must not ride their motorcycles in the opposite direction of the circuit, either on the track or in the pit lane, unless doing so under the direction of an Official.
- 12) No signal of any kind may pass between a moving motorcycle and the rider's team, or anyone connected with the motorcycle's team, entrant or rider, except for the signals of the timekeeping transponder, lap trigger, GPS, legible messages on a pit board, or body movements by the rider or team. Onboard TV camera signals are allowed, but only when such signals are for the purposes of and managed by the MotoGP Rookies Cup Organisers.
- 13) A speed limit of 60 km/h will be enforced in the pit lane at all times during the event. Riders must respect the speed limit from where the sign 60 km/h is placed up to where the sign 60 Km/h crossed out is placed.

Any rider found to have exceeded the limit during the practice will be subject to a penalty, and increased penalties may be imposed for repeated offences.

For exceeding the pit lane speed limit during a race the standard penalty will be a 2x Long Lap Penalty. However the FIM RC Stewards may apply further or different penalties (for example for excessively high speed causing danger).

The RC Race Direction must communicate the offence to the team of the rider after having received the information from the Official in charge.

- 14) Stopping on the track during practices and races is forbidden.
- 15) During the practice sessions and warm ups, practice starts are permitted;
 - a) when it is safe to do so, at the pit lane exit before joining the track and
 - b) after passing the chequered flag at the end of practice sessions and warm-ups when it is safe to do so, off the racing line and only in the designated Practice Start Zone(s) and following the procedure, as communicated to teams prior to the first practice session.

Any rider found to have infringed this rule will be subject to an instant penalty. Further penalties may be applied.

- 16) If any rider wishes to parade a flag or engage in any celebration after the chequered flag, they must ride to the side of the racing surface in a safe location to collect the flag and/or perform any celebrations and then rejoin the circuit when it is safe to do so.

It is forbidden so stop on the Start-Finish straight after the chequered flag for any celebrations of any kind.

- 17) It is not permitted to ride racing motorcycles within the circuit other than in the pit lane, service road or on the track.
- 18) After the chequered flag, riders riding on the track must wear a safety helmet until they stop on the pit lane / parc fermé.
- 19) Pit Lane Exit

The pit lane exit road will be defined by the RC Race Direction and marked with painted lines. A dotted white line (interrupted line) will signify the end of the pit lane road, which is the point where the track starts and racing may commence. Riders must stay inside the painted lines defining the pit exit road until passing the dotted white line, during all track sessions (practice and race).

Infractions may be penalised with an instant penalty by the RC Race Direction, and further penalties may be applied.

1.22 FLAGS AND LIGHTS

Marshals and other officials display flags or lights to provide information and/or convey instructions to the riders.

All flags are presented waved.

Light panels may be used in addition to, or instead of, flags and may have slight variations in appearance compared to the flag due to technical constraints. Flags and lights on track are both official signals.

As from 2022 the use of light panels in association with waved flags will be compulsory in all circuits.

1.22.1 Flags and Lights Used to Provide Information:

- **Green Flag**

The track is clear.

This flag must be waved at each flag marshal post for the first lap of each practice session and of the warm up, for the sighting lap and for the warm up lap.

This flag must be shown waved at the flag marshal post immediately after the incident that necessitated the use of one or more yellow flags.

This flag may be waved at pit exit, in conjunction with the official signal of the green light, as an extra signal that pit lane exit is open.

- **Yellow and Red Striped Flag**

The adhesion on this section of the track could be affected by any reason.

This flag must be shown waved at the flag marshal post.

- **White Flag with diagonal red cross (stroke width of the cross: between 10 and 13 cm)**

Drops of rain on this section of the track.

This flag must be waved at the flag marshal post.

- **Blue Flag**

Waved at the flag marshal post, this flag indicates to a rider that he/she is about to be overtaken.

During the practice sessions, the rider concerned must keep his/her line and slow down gradually to allow the faster rider to pass.

During the race, the rider concerned is about to be lapped. He/she must allow the rider(s) who are lapping him/her to pass at the earliest opportunity, and passing within a group of lapped riders is forbidden under the blue flag.

Waved at a marshal post after the pit lane exit, this flag indicates to a rider exiting pit lane that riders are approaching on track. The rider exiting pit lane must do so safely and without disturbing riders on track.

- **Chequered Black / White Flag**

This (these) flag(s) will be waved at the finish line to indicate the finish of race or practice session.

- **Chequered Black / White Flag + Blue Flag**

The chequered black/white flag(s) will be waved together with the blue flag at the finish line when a rider(s) precedes closely the leader during the final lap before the finish line (see art. 1.24.1).

- **Green Light**

This light must be switched on at the pit lane exit to signal the start of each practice session and of the warm up, the start of the sighting lap(s) and the start of the warm up lap.

- **Flashing Blue Lights**

Will be switched on at the pit lane exit at all times during practices and races, except when the red light is displayed.

1.22.2 Flags Which Convey Information and Instructions:

- **Yellow Flag**

Waved at each row of the starting grid, this flag indicates that the start of the race is delayed. Waved at one row (or more) of the starting grid, this flag indicates that a rider on that row is having difficulties.

A single yellow flag waved at the flag marshal post indicates that there is a danger ahead beside the track.

Two yellow flags waved together at the flag marshal post indicate that there is a hazard wholly or partly blocking the track.

The waving of a single or a double yellow flag does not signify a degree of danger, but only the location of the incident.

The riders must slow down **proceed with caution. During practice and warm up sessions, the lap time of riders passing a yellow flag(s) will be cancelled.**

During a race, overtaking is forbidden up until the point where the green flag is waved.

An infringement of this rule will result in a penalty.

If immediately after having overtaken, the rider realizes that they committed an infraction, they must let pass the rider(s) they have overtaken. In this case, no penalty will be imposed.

Penalties imposed during a race will be communicated via boards displayed for the rider on the finish line. If the rider did not comply after the board has been presented 3 times, **(5 times in case of a 2X Long Lap Penalty)**, they will be penalized by the **FIM RC Stewards**.

A time penalty may be imposed in lieu of a penalty where necessary, and further penalties may also be imposed.

During the final inspection lap, this flag must be waved at the exact place where the flag marshal will be positioned during the practices, the warm ups and races.

- **Red Flag and Red Lights**

When the race or practice is being interrupted, the red flag will be waved at each flag marshal post and the red lights around the track will be switched on. Riders must return slowly to the pits.

When the pit-lane exit is closed, the light will be switched on, and the red flag may be used in conjunction with the official red light signal. Riders are not allowed to exit the pit lane.

The red flag will be shown motionless on the starting grid at the end of the warm up lap.

The red flag may also be used to close the track.

The red lights will be switched on at the start line for between 2 and 5 seconds to start each race.

- **Black Flag**

This flag is used to convey instructions to one rider only and is waved at each flag marshal post together with the rider's number. The rider must stop at the pits at the end of the current lap and cannot restart, when this flag results from a penalty.

This flag can also be presented to a rider for a reason other than a penalty, eg. to rectify a non-dangerous technical problem such as a transponder problem, or to indicate to a rider on the warm up lap arriving at pit lane entry after the safety car that he/she must enter pit lane.

- **Black Flag with orange disk (Ø 40 cm)**

This flag is used to convey instructions to one rider only and is waved at each flag marshal post together with the rider's number. This flag informs the rider that his motorcycle has mechanical problems likely to endanger himself or others, and that he must immediately leave the track. **The rider cannot rejoin the track unless authorised to do so by an official.**

1.22.3 Flag Dimension

The flag dimension should be 80 cms in the vertical and 100 cms in the horizontal.

The flag dimension will be checked the day preceding the day of the first practice session.

1.22.4 Flag Colour

The Pantones for the colours are as follows:

Orange:	Pantone 151 C
Black:	Pantone Black C
Blue:	Pantone 298 C
Red:	Pantone 186 C
Yellow:	Pantone Yellow C
Green:	Pantone 348 C

The flags' colours will be checked the day preceding the day of the first practice session.

1.22.5 Rider' s number board

Black board (70 cm horizontal x 50 cm vertical) which enables the race number of a rider to be attached with a set of numbers in white, whose stroke width is minimum 4 cm and height minimum 30 cm.

This board must be available at each flag marshal post.

1.22.6 Flags Marshals posts

The location will be fixed during the circuit homologation.

1.22.7 Marshals Uniforms

It is strongly recommended the marshals' uniforms to be in white or orange (Ref. Pantone: 151 C) and the rain coat to be transparent.

1.23 MEDICAL CARS

The medical cars, if they are to go on to the track, must be equipped with red flashing lights. The words "MEDICAL CAR" should be clearly indicated on the back and the sides of the car.

1.24 FINISH OF A RACE AND RACE RESULTS

1.24.1

When the leading rider has completed the designated number of laps for the race, he will be shown a chequered flag by an official located at the finish line behind the 1st line of protection. The chequered flag will continue to be displayed to the subsequent riders.

When the chequered flag is shown to the leading rider, no other rider will be permitted to enter the track from the pit lane.

As soon as the chequered flag is shown to the leading rider, the red light will be switched on at the pit lane exit.

If a rider(s) closely precedes the leader during the final lap before the finish line, the official will wave to the rider(s) and to the leader simultaneously the Chequered flag and the Blue flag. That means that the race is finished for the leader while the rider(s) closely preceding the leader has (have) to complete the final lap and take the Chequered flag.

1.24.2

To be counted as a finisher in the race and be included in the results a rider must:

- a) Complete 75% of the race distance.
- b) Cross the finish line on the race track (not in the pit lane) within five minutes of the race winner. In case the rider is not in contact with the machine, the finish time is determined by the first part of the rider or machine to cross the finish line, whichever arrives last.

1.24.3

The results will be based on the order in which the riders cross the line and the number of laps completed.

1.24.4

In case of a photo-finish between two, or more, riders, the decision shall be taken in favour of the competitor whose front wheel leading edge crosses the plane of the finish line first.

In case the rider is not in contact with the machine, the finish time is determined by the first part of the rider or machine to cross the finish line, whichever arrives last.

In case of ties, the riders concerned will be ranked in the order of the best lap time made during the race.

1.24.5

The riders placed in the first three positions in the race will be escorted by officials, as quickly as possible, to the podium for the awards ceremony. Participation in the podium ceremony by the first three riders is compulsory.

1.25 INTERRUPTION OF A RACE

1.25.1

If the RC Race Director decides to interrupt a race, then red flags will be displayed at the finish line and at all marshals' posts and he will switch on the red lights around the circuit. Riders must immediately slow down and return to the pit lane.

The results will be the results taken at the last point where the leader and all other active riders on the same lap as the leader had completed a full lap without the red flag being displayed.

Exceptions:

1. if the race is interrupted after the chequered flag, the following procedure will apply:
 - a) For all the riders to whom the chequered flag was shown before the interruption, a partial classification will be established at the end of the last lap of the race.
 - b) For all the riders to whom the chequered flag was not shown before the interruption, a partial classification will be established at the end of the penultimate lap of the race.
 - c) The complete classification will be established by combining both partial classifications as per the lap/time procedure.

2. In an interrupted race, if the leader and all active riders on the same lap have completed a full lap before the red flag is displayed, and at that time there is a rider in pit lane which closes due to the red flag without the rider crossing a timekeeping point to complete the lap, the results will be taken from the last timekeeping point that the race leader and all other active riders on the same lap as the leader have crossed.

If there is a problem with a rider's timekeeping transponder, the results will be taken from the previous finish line results.

At the time the red flag is displayed, riders who are not actively competing in the race will not be classified.

Within 5 minutes after the red flag has been displayed, riders who have not entered the pit lane, crossing the designated pit lane entry timing point riding on their motorcycle, will not be classified.

An exemption may be granted in exceptional circumstances (eg. post-race celebration in an interrupted race deemed to have been completed as per Art. 1.25.4).

1.25.2

If the results calculated show that less than three laps have been completed by the leader of the race and by all other active riders on the same lap as the leader, then the race will be null and void and a completely new race will be run.

If it is found impossible to re-start the race, then it will be declared cancelled and the race will not count for the Cup.

1.25.3

If three laps or more have been completed by the leader of the race and all other active riders on the same lap as the leader, but less than two-thirds of the race distance, rounded down to the nearest whole number of laps, then the race will be restarted according to Art. 1.26. If it is found impossible to restart the race, then the results will count and half points will be awarded in the Cup.

1.25.4

If the results calculated show that two-thirds of the race distance rounded down to the nearest whole number of laps have been completed by the leader of the race and by all other active riders on the same lap as the leader, then the race will be deemed to have been completed and full Cup points will be awarded.

1.25.5

For the purposes of these regulations “active” and “actively competing” are defined as the rider riding on track, or attempting to repair/restart the machine, or to rejoin the track or return to pit lane, **with the machine in a condition fit to rejoin the track.** The FIM RC Stewards will be the sole judge of whether a rider is actively competing **including the condition of the machine** and no appeal is possible against the FIM RC Steward’s decision.

1.26 RE-STARTING A RACE THAT HAS BEEN INTERRUPTED

Re-started races will in principle follow the protocols defined in Article 1.26. However, as local track and climatic conditions and circumstances may vary, Race Direction may reschedule re-started races in the race programme as necessary, and will make the final decision on whether, when and how many times to re-start any interrupted race according to circumstances.

Note that in all cases of restarted races, the calculation of race distance required to declare a result (2/3 distance) is based on the number of laps of the current race, not the original Race 1 distance.

1.26.1

If a race has to be re-started, then it will be done as quickly as possible, consistent with track conditions allowing. As soon as the riders have returned to the pits the RC Race Director will announce a time for the new start procedure to begin which, conditions permitting, should not be later than 10 minutes after the initial display of the red flag.

1.26.2

The results of the first race must be available to teams before the second part of a race can be started.

1.26.3

The start procedure will follow the Quick Start Procedure, Art. 1.18.21, unless otherwise informed by RC Race Direction.

1.26.4

Conditions for the re-started race will be as follows:

- i) In the case of situation described in 1.25.2 (less than 3 laps completed) above:
 - a) All riders may start, including riders who may not have completed the sighting or warm up lap for the original start.
 - b) Motorcycles may be repaired.
Refuelling is permitted.
 - c) The number of laps will be two-thirds of the original race distance rounded down to the nearest whole number of laps.
 - d) The grid positions will be as for the original race.
- ii) In the case of situation described in 1.25.3 (3 laps or more and less than two-thirds completed) above:
 - a) Only riders who are classified as finishers in the first race, as per Art. 1.25, may re-start.
 - b) Motorcycles may be repaired. Refuelling is permitted.
 - c) The number of laps of the second race will be the number of laps required to complete two-thirds of the original race distance rounded down to the nearest whole number of laps with a minimum of 5 laps.

- d) The grid position will be based on the finishing order of the first race.

Riders who are classified 1 lap down in the first race will start the restarted race from Pit Lane.

Riders who are classified 2 or more laps down in the first race will not be eligible to restart.

- e) The final race classification will be established according to the position and the consolidated number of laps of each rider at the time he crossed the finish line at the end of the last part of the race. Provisions of Art. 1.24.2 will apply.

1.26.5

In the case of Art. 1.25.3 (race interrupted with 3 or more laps completed), any start position penalties applying to a rider in the first race. e.g. a drop of grid position or starting the race from pit lane, will be considered to have been served at the original race start and will not apply to the restarted race.

Any existing penalty applied before the race (eg. Long Lap Penalty, Ride Through) which has been completed in the first part of the race, will be considered to have been served and will not apply to the restarted race. If such penalty was not completed in the first part of the race it will be carried forward to be served in the restarted race.

In the case of Art. 1.25.2 (race interrupted with less than 3 laps completed) the new start will be a completely new race so therefore existing start position penalties and other penalties applied before the race will apply.

Penalties applied for offences (such as jump start, track limits) during the first race which was interrupted with less than 3 laps completed, will not normally carry forward to the restarted race. However the FIM RC Stewards may specifically designate a penalty for an offence (for example dangerous or irresponsible riding) in the first race to be served in the restarted race where necessary.

1.27 CUP POINTS AND CLASSIFICATION

1.27.1

Riders will compete for the FIM Rookies Cup.

1.27.2

For riders, the points will be those gained in each race.

1.27.3

For each race, Cup points will be awarded on the following scale:

1 st	25 points
2 nd	20 points
3 rd	16 points
4 th	13 points
5 th	11 points
6 th	10 points
7 th	9 points
8 th	8 points
9 th	7 points
10 th	6 points
11 th	5 points
12 th	4 points
13 th	3 points
14 th	2 points
15 th	1 point

1.27.4

All races will count for the Cup classification.

1.27.5

In the event of a tie in the number of points, the final positions will be decided on the basis of the number of best results in the races (number of first places, number of second places etc.). In the event that there is still a tie then, the date in the Cup at which the highest place was achieved will be taken into account with precedence going to the latest result.

1.28 INSTRUCTIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS TO COMPETITORS

1.28.1

Instructions may be given by the Race Director and/or Clerk of the Course to Teams and/or Riders by means of special circulars in accordance with the Regulations. Circulars must be posted on the official notice board and/or delivered by electronic means such as email. Posting on the official notice board, or delivery by other means will be deemed as proof of delivery.

1.28.2

All classifications and results of practice and the race, as well as all decisions issued by the officials, must be posted on the official notice board or otherwise delivered to the teams. Posting on the official notice board and/or delivery to the teams by other means will be deemed as proof of delivery and official publication.

1.28.3

Any communication from the RC Race Direction, the Permanent Officials or the Clerk of the Course to a team or rider must be communicated in writing or via electronic means including but not limited to email and official Timekeeping monitors. Similarly, any communication from a team or rider to the RC Race Direction, the Permanent Officials or the Clerk of the Course must also be made in writing including electronic means such as email.

1.29 TEAM PERSONNEL IN THE PIT LANE

For safety reasons, the following rules must be strictly respected.

1.29.1

Team personnel will not be permitted in the pit lane during practices, warm-up and race of another class unless they are making adjustments to their motorcycle.

1.29.2

The maximum number of team personnel per rider in the working area in front of the pits is limited to 6.

1.29.3

The maximum number of team personnel per rider on the signalling platform is limited to 4.

1.29.4

For safety reasons, it is not permitted to start the engine of racing motorcycles inside the pit box (permanent or temporary box) at any time. Engines must be started in the pit lane or other location outside of the pit box or tent.

1.29.5

For safety reasons it is not permitted to have the motorcycle engine running during any wheel change.



2. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND REGULATIONS

The FIM MotoGP Rookies Cup is a competition for a single model of motorcycle.

The nominated motorcycle design (hereinafter also referred to as “machine”) shall be used as delivered by the Organiser, with no modifications except the normal range of adjustments possible on the standard machine.

If a rider or team requires any modification (for example to allow for different rider size fitting, etc.), such modification must first be advised to and approved by the RC Organisation.

The use of the standard supplied equipment without modification applies to the machine and all supplied parts and sundries including (but not limited to) fuel, oil, tyres.

Use of a machine at the event will be deemed as an implicit statement by the rider and team of conformity with the technical regulations.



**KTM MOTO3 250 GPR
Production Racer**

BIKE SPEC.	RBR250 (Typ R33)
Frame Type	tubular steel trellis frame with adjustable headstock and swingarm pivot
Subframe Type	Wethje carbonfibre composite, monoblock
Swingarm Type	upside down shaped, welded aluminium
Triple Clamps	milled from billet aluminium, adjustable, 28mm / 30mm offset
Handlebars	clamps milled from billet aluminium, changeable handlebar tubes
Front Suspension	WP RCMA 3548 / DM 35 mm USD Fork adjustable spring preload adjustable compression damping , 20 clicks adjustable rebound damping , 20 clicks
Steering Dampder	WP through rod damper, adjustable, 30 clicks
Front Wheel / Tire	OZ forged aluminium wheel 2,5 x 17" / Dunlop 95/75-R17 Moto3 M slick tire
Front Brake System	Brembo single disc system, 290mm disc
Rear Wheel / Tire	OZ forged aluminium wheel 3,5 x 17" / Dunlop 115/75-R17 Moto3 M slick tire
Rear Brake System	Braking disc 190mm Formula radial caliper + Formula master cylinder
Exhaust System	Akrapovic full titanium twin megaphone system, 115 dB
Tank / Capacity	XPE plastic tank / 10,5 litres
Fairing / Fenders	Wethje carbonfibre composite
Airbox System	pressurized, Wethje Carbon Fibre Composite, BMC filter
Electric / Electronic System	alternator 12V-70 W / battery 12V-0,8Ah Koso dash GET by Athena ECU adjustable traction control adjustable fuel mapping adjustable ignition mapping adjustable launch control adjustable pit speed limiter quickshifter interface for data recording
Wheel Base	1210 mm + 35 mm
Std. Seat Height	760mm
Rake / Trail	plus / minus 1° adjustable with optional headstock inserts
Swingarm Pivot	plus / minus 4mm adjustable with optional swingarm pivot inserts
Dry Bike Weight	approx. 81,5 kg



**KTM MOTO3 250 GPR
Production Racer**

RBR Rookies Bike MY2013

ENGINE SPEC.	R33
Motor type	Einzyylinder / wassergekühlt / 4-Takt / DOHC
max. Power	>37 kW / 13.000 rpm
max. Torque	>28 Nm / 11.000 rpm
max. Engine Speed	13.500 rpm / 14.000 rpm
Displacement	249,5 cm ³
Bore / Stroke	81mm / 48,5 mm
Compression Ratio	14.5
Intake System	dual injector throttle body, oval, DM50 equivalent
Engine Management System	GET by Athena / ECUK MOTO3
Engine Management Software	MAYA EVO
Primary Drive	straight teeth gear drive
Secondary Drive	415 Chain, sprocket options 16 - 18T, rear sprocket options 34 - 42T
Lubrication System	semi dry sump, 1 pressure pump, 2 scavenging pumps
Cooling System	WP water radiator + WP oil-water heat exchanger
Valvetrain System	Chain drive, intermediate gear, radial valves, DLC-coated finger followers
Valves	titanium
Mass Balancing System	single balancer shaft
Piston / Rings	Pankl, milled from billet, aluminium, 1 compression ring, 1 oil ring
Conrod	Pankl, milled from billet, steel, split bottom end with plain bearing
Crankshaft	one-piece, forged steel, plain bearings
Camshafts	tapered cams, adjustable sprockets, decompression device
Fuel Specification	min. 100 ROZ
Rebuild Interval 13.500 / 14.000 rpm	4.000 km / 2.000 km

KITS / OPTIONS	B33	
GET EM HW	communication cable to ECU	
GET EM SW	MAYA ADVANCED license, programmable EM, EB, TC, LC, QS	in combination with optional data recording system
GP Spec EM HW	wiring harness + stick coil to run Dellorto "GP" and Dellorto "Start" ECU	
Data Recording	2D / KTM Data Logger	
Engine Kit 1 (GP rpm)	kit file, max. 14.000 rpm, min. 2.000 km rebuild interval	in combination with 102 ROZ race fuel
GP Spec Engine Kit 2	camshafts, valve springs, retainers, max.14.000 rpm., min.2.000 km rebuild interval	in combination with 102 ROZ race fuel
GP Spec Primary Gear Kit	2 primary ratio options	
GP Spec Clutch Kit	Suter AHC	available directly from Suter Racing
GP Spec Gear Box Kit	2 gear options each gear	
Headstock Kit 1	2 headstock insert options	in combination with std. radiator
GP Spec Head Stock Kit 2	6 headstock insert options	in combination with U-shape GP spec. radiator
GP Spec Swingarm Pivot Kit	4 pivot options	
GP Spec Front Suspension Kit	WP RCMA 4000 GP fork (for DM 218mm twin disc brake system)	available directly from WP
GP Spec Front Wheel	OZ forged magnesium / 2,5 x 17" / for DM 218mm twin disc brake system)	available directly from OZ
GP Spec Rear Wheel	OZ forged magnesium / 3,5 x 17"	available directly from OZ
GP Spec Exhaust Kit	Akrapovic slip-on GP-spec.silencer, 115 dB	in combination with std. header system
GP Spec Water Radiator Kit	U-shape GP-spec. radiator	

2.9 PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND HELMETS

2.9.1

Riders must wear a complete leather suit with additional leather padding or other protection on the principal contact points, knees, elbows, hips etc.

- External protection on the leather suit intended to make regular contact with the track surface must not be manufactured from or contain any material that when in contact with the track surface may cause visual or other disturbance to other riders.
- It is mandatory for the leather suit to be fitted with an Airbag system, with the following requirements:
 - All Airbag systems must be approved by the MotoGP Technical Director.
 - Every rider must start each track session with a functional Airbag system. Once the airbag has been deployed, the responsibility for continuing the practice or race rests with the rider.
 - For substitute or replacement riders, the use of an Airbag system is recommended for their first event of the season, and is compulsory for any further events of that season.

2.9.2

Linings or undergarments must not be made of a synthetic material which might melt and cause damage to the riders' skin.

2.9.3

Riders must also wear leather gloves and boots, which with the leather suit provide complete coverage from the neck down.

2.9.4

Leather substitute materials may be used, providing they have been checked by the Chief Technical Steward.

2.9.5

Use of back and chest protectors is compulsory.

Back Protector

- Must be certified to EN1621-2:2014 or prEN1621-2:2010.
- May be full back or central back configuration.

Chest Protector

- Full chest protectors (protector designed as a single piece) and Divided chest protectors (protector designed in two separate halves) are permitted.
- Only protectors in conformity with prEN 1621-3 (level 1 or 2) are permitted.

2.9.6

Riders must wear a helmet which is in good condition, provides a good fit and is properly fastened.

2.9.7

Only FIM homologated helmets according to FRHPhe-01 (with a valid FIM Homologation Label) will be allowed.

A list of FIM Homologated helmets is available on www.frhp.org.



Disposable visor “tear-offs” are permitted.

2.9.8

Any question concerning the suitability or condition of the riders clothing and/or helmet shall be decided by the Chief Technical Steward, who may, if he so wishes, consult with the manufacturers of the product before making a final decision.

3. DISCIPLINARY AND ARBITRATION CODE

3.1 Principles

The obligations incumbent upon the participants, officials and organisers are set out in the Regulations published by the FIM.

Proven violation or non-observance of these obligations will be subject to the penalties laid down in this chapter.

3.2 Penalties

The penalties are:

- warnings
- fines
- change of position
- long lap penalty(ies)
- ride through
- time penalties
- grid penalty
- disqualification
- withdrawal of Championship points
- suspension
- exclusion

3.2.1 Definition and application of penalties

Warnings: can be made privately or publicly, and can be made without a hearing.

Fines: cash penalty up to 50'000€
A fine of up to 1'000 Euros can be imposed without a prior hearing being necessary.

However, the right of protest remains as set out in Article 3.4.1.2.

Change of position: the rider must go back the number of positions decided by the RC Race Direction.

Long Lap penalty(ies): the rider must complete the pre-defined route of the Long Lap under the conditions as defined in Article 1.19.2.

Ride through: see Art. 1.19.1.

Time penalties: the imposition of time affecting the rider's actual result up to 2 minutes and the cancellation of time.

Grid penalty: the imposition of a drop of any number of grid positions or the imposition of starting the race from the pit lane exit at the rider's next race or next event.

A grid position penalty may be imposed without a prior hearing being necessary.

However, the right of protest remains as set out in Article 3.4.1.2.

Disqualification: entails automatically, and independently of any other penalty, the invalidation of the results obtained in an event, practice, race or ranking.

An immediate disqualification from a practice sessions or a race may also be pronounced by means of a black flag, black flag with orange disc.

Withdrawal of championship points: the loss of points from the Championship races already run.

Suspension: entails the loss of rights to participate for a specified period of time in any activity under FIM control.

The application of this penalty may also be applied in the Championship, to one or more practice sessions (or part thereof), or races.

A suspension penalty from one or more official practice sessions (or part thereof) of the event may be imposed without a prior hearing being necessary. However, the right of protest remains as set out in Article 3.4.1.2.

Exclusion: the final and complete loss of all rights of participation in any activity under FIM control.

3.2.2 Plurality of penalties

Any offender may have several penalties pronounced against him according to the circumstances.

3.3 The Disciplinary and Arbitration Bodies

The disciplinary and arbitration bodies of the FIM, qualified to deal with race decisions, disciplinary and arbitration matters, are:

- The RC Race Direction
- The FIM RC Stewards
- **The FIM Appeal Stewards**
- The International Disciplinary Court (CDI)

3.3.1 The RC Race Direction

3.3.1.1 Constitution

The Constitution of the RC Race Direction is in accordance with the requirements laid down in Article 1.6.

3.3.1.2 Authority and Competence

The RC Race Direction has the authority to refer any case involving riders and teams' personnel, officials, promoters/organisers and all the persons involved in any capacity whatsoever in an event or in the Championship, to the FIM RC Stewards for possible disciplinary action, for:

- Infringements of the Regulations.
- any voluntary or involuntary action or deed accomplished by a person or a group of persons during a meeting, contrary to the current Regulations or instructions given by an official of the meeting.
- any voluntary or involuntary action of Officials and Promoters/Organisers for having been unable to ensure the smooth and efficient running of the event or for serious breaches of the Regulations and Protocols covering the event organisation.

3.3.2 The FIM RC Stewards Panel

3.3.2.1 Constitution

The Constitution of the FIM RC Stewards Panel is in accordance with the requirements laid down in Article 1.7.

3.3.2.2 Authority and Competence

The FIM RC Stewards have the authority to penalise riders, teams' personnel, officials, promoters/organisers and all the persons involved in any capacity whatsoever in an event or in the Championship, for:

- Infringements of the Regulations.
- any voluntary or involuntary action or deed accomplished by a person or a group of persons during a meeting, contrary to the current Regulations or instructions given by an official of the meeting.
- any corrupt or fraudulent act, or any action prejudicial to the interests of the meetings or of the sport, carried out by a person or a group of persons occurring during an event.
- any voluntary or involuntary action of Officials and Promoters/Organisers for having been unable to ensure the smooth and efficient running of the event or for serious breaches of the Regulations and Protocols covering the event organisation.

The FIM RC Stewards are competent to adjudicate upon a protest relating to infringements of the Regulations.

3.3.2.3 Penalties that may be pronounced by the FIM RC Stewards Panel:

- a warning
- a fine
- a change of position
- **long lap penalty(ies)**
- a ride through
- a time penalty
- a grid penalty
- a disqualification
- a withdrawal of Championship points
- a suspension

Furthermore, the FIM RC Stewards Panel can refer the case to the International Disciplinary Court (CDI) in order to impose a higher penalty than the FIM RC Stewards Panel is empowered to do.

3.3.3 The FIM Appeal Stewards

3.3.3.1 Constitution

The FIM Appeal Stewards will consist of:

- one FIM Steward with FIM Sporting Steward Superlicence, who will be the chairman of the FIM Appeal Stewards and exercise a casting vote if necessary. This Steward will be nominated by the FIM and approved by the Permanent Bureau,
- and one FMNR Steward with FIM Sporting Steward Licence, nominated by the FMNR and approved by the FIM.

3.3.3.2 Authority and Competence

The FIM Appeal Stewards will hear any appeals against decisions taken by the FIM RC Stewards.

The FIM Appeal Stewards may confirm or overturn a decision of the FIM RC Stewards, or impose a different penalty according to the penalties described in Art. 3.3.2.3.

The FIM Appeal Stewards may refer the case to the International **Disciplinary Court (CDI)** if it appears impossible to deal with the case for any valid reason. Such a decision will be justified in writing by the FIM Appeal Stewards.

3.3.4 The International Judicial Panel

The International Judicial Panel (CJI) is composed of qualified persons from which the members of the CDI are nominated.

3.3.4.1 Constitution

The International Judicial Panel shall consist of members nominated by FMNs. Each FMN may nominate one or several members having the nationality of that FMN. The appointments shall be confirmed by the General Assembly for 4-year periods.

3.3.4.2 Qualifications

In order to qualify for appointment to the International Judicial Panel, a candidate must be in possession of a diploma in Law studies of University level. He must be able to express himself in at least one of the official languages of the FIM. He cannot however be an officer or a licence holder of the FIM.

3.3.5 The International Disciplinary Court (CDI)

3.3.5.1 Appointment of the Members

The President of the International Judicial panel of the FIM will appoint each time, the President and the members who will constitute the CDI.

3.3.5.2 Procedures

The names of the members appointed must be communicated to all interested parties in the case, who have the right to make a duly documented objection to the composition of the Court, either in total or in part, within three days after having received the information. If the Executive Board of the FIM considers that a reasonable objection is made, they must appoint the necessary replacements. Otherwise they reject the objection and fix the date for the hearing.

The court may request the opinion of an expert or summon a witness who it considers useful.

3.3.5.3 Authority and Competences

The CDI will hear any appeals against decisions taken by the FIM **Appeal** Stewards.

The CDI adjudicates upon request of the RC Race Direction, the FIM RC Stewards Panel **or the FIM Appeal Stewards**.

The President of the FIM, the Executive Board or the Management Council may, within 4 days after an Event, refer to the CDI matters of violation or infringement of the FIM regulations not concerning sporting or technical regulations.

3.3.6 The FIM as a Party in the Legal Proceedings

3.3.6.1 Function

For all the appeals to the CDI, the FIM is entitled to assert its interests or to explain its position by means of a prosecution address.

3.3.6.2 Appointment

The Executive Board shall appoint in each case, the person who will represent the FIM.

3.3.6.3 Procedure

The intervention of the FIM is optional and is left to the appreciation of the Executive Board.

As a party, the FIM enjoys the same rights and obligations as the other parties.

The FIM may be present in person at a hearing or may present its claims in writing.

3.4 Protests and Appeals

3.4.1 Protests

A protest is an action taken by any legal entity or any individual, rider, team, manufacturer, official etc. against another legal entity or any individual, rider, team, manufacturer, official etc.

3.4.1.2 Right of protest

A protest can be lodged against:

- an entry of a Rider, or Team,
- an alleged non-compliance of a machine with the regulations,
- a classification established at the end of a practice or a race,
- any alleged error, irregularity or breach of the regulations occurring during an event,
- a presumed wrongdoing behaviour of a competitor, not seen or not sanctioned by the disciplinary authorities, having occurred during an event.

However, no protest may be lodged against an **immediate** decision made by any judges of fact in the exercise of their duties, entailing or not:

- a fine for speeding in the pit lane, pit lane exit violation, or practice start violation.
- a change of position.

- **long lap penalty(ies).**
- a ride through.
- a time penalty given in lieu of any penalty not subject to protest.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or races by means of a black flag or black flag with orange disc.
- a cancellation of the lap time concerned for a rider exceeding the track limits during practices.
- a grid penalty for the race of the event.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or the race following a positive result to the breath alcohol test carried out at the event.

No protest may be lodged against a decision of the RC Race Direction based on a photo finish, or a decision of whether a rider is actively competing in the case of an interrupted race.

3.4.1.3 Procedure and time limit for protests

All protests must be submitted **in writing** and signed only by the person directly concerned.

Each protest must specify:

- **the relevant regulations,**
- **the concerns of the protesting party,**
- **against whom the protest is lodged (when relevant).**

Each protest must refer to a single subject only and the intention to protest must be notified to the RC Race Direction or the FIM RC Stewards.

- within 30 minutes of the publication of the results in the case of Sporting Regulation protests,
- before the chequered flag of the session in the case of Technical Regulation protests.

The protest must then be confirmed in writing or withdrawn within 1 hour at the latest after the publication of the results.

A protest against the eligibility of a rider, team or a motorcycle to enter a class or event must be made before the start of the official practice. A protest against a machine on technical control compliance grounds (eg. weight, noise, materials, etc.) may be made after the start of official practice, and must be informed to the RC Race Direction or the FIM RC Stewards before the chequered flag of the practice session or race concerned.

3.4.1.4 Security Deposit for Protests

Protests must be handed to a responsible official (Clerk of the Course, RC Race Director, FIM Steward or Secretary of the Meeting) together with the security deposit of 660 Euros or equivalent.

This security deposit may only be returned if the protest is upheld.

In the case of protests referring to the alleged non-compliance of machines with the regulations and requiring the dismantling and re-assembly of clearly defined parts of a machine, an additional deposit may be specified by the Stewards on a proposal from the RC Organisation. This additional deposit must be paid by the protester within one hour upon notification of the Stewards and before the dismantling has started.

3.4.1.5 Hearing of a protest

After an immediate hearing, the FIM RC Stewards must make a decision on any protest presented. The protest has to be judged according to the provisions of the Regulations.

3.4.1.6 Effect of the decision upon a protest

The decision of the FIM RC Stewards of determination of penalty is immediate.

3.4.2 Appeals

An appeal is an action taken by any legal entity or any individual, rider, team, manufacturer, official etc. affected by a penalty or decision issued by the FIM disciplinary authorities (whether arising from a protest or otherwise).

3.4.2.1 Right of appeal

The rules concerning appeals against FIM disciplinary decisions are:

1. To the FIM Appeal Stewards against a decision of the FIM RC Stewards.

No appeal may be lodged against a decision **made by any judges of fact in the exercise of their duties**, entailing or not:

- a fine for speeding in the pit lane, pit exit line violation, or practice start violation.
- a change of position.
- **long lap penalty(ies).**
- a ride through.
- a time penalty given in lieu of any penalty not subject to appeal.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or races by means of a black flag or black flag with orange disc.
- a grid penalty for the race of the event.
- a cancellation of the lap time concerned for a rider exceeding the track limits during practices.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or the race following a positive result to the breath alcohol test carried out at the event.
- **a suspension from one or more official practice sessions (or part thereof) of the event.**

No appeal may be lodged against a decision based on a photo finish, or a decision of whether a rider is actively competing in the case of an interrupted race.

When no appeal may be lodged **to the CDI**, the decision of the FIM RC Stewards is final.

2. To the CDI against a decision of the FIM Appeal Stewards.

The decision of the CDI is final.

No appeal may be lodged if the FIM Appeal Stewards confirm the previous decision of the FIM RC Stewards. In this case, the decision of the FIM Appeal Stewards is final.

3. To the Court of Arbitration for Sports (CAS).

No appeal may be lodged against a decision made by any judges of fact in the exercise of their duties, entailing or not:

- a fine for speeding in the pit lane, pit lane exit violation, or practice start violation.
- a change of position.
- **long lap penalty(ies).**
- a ride through.
- a time penalty given in lieu of any penalty not subject to appeal.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or races by means of a black flag or black flag with orange disc.
- a grid penalty for the race of the event.
- a cancellation of the lap time concerned for a rider exceeding the track limits during practices.
- a disqualification from the practice sessions or the race following a positive result to the breath alcohol test carried out at the event.
- **a suspension from one or more official practice sessions (or part thereof) of the event.**

No appeal may be lodged against a decision based on a photo finish, or a decision of whether a rider is actively competing in the case of an interrupted race.

3.4.2.2 Time limits for the lodging of an appeal

The time limit for lodging a statement of appeal is:

Against a decision of the FIM RC Stewards	1 hour
Against a decision of the FIM Appeal Stewards	1 hour
Statement of appeal against a decision of the CDI before the Court of Arbitration for Sports (CAS)	5 days

The time limits shall be taken from the date and time of receipt of the decision by the appellant.

3.4.2.3 Lodging of an appeal

To be admissible, the statement of appeal must be submitted in writing (appeal before the FIM Appeal Stewards) or submitted or sent by registered letter or special courier or by electronic mail to the FIM Executive Secretariat and postmarked (appeal before the CDI).

The correct security deposit for appeal must be paid to the FIM RC Stewards (appeal before the FIM Appeal Stewards) or paid in to the FIM Executive Secretariat (appeal before the CDI), as the case may be.

Within 10 days following the statement of appeal before the CDI, the appellant assigns to the FIM Executive Secretariat a brief of appeal stating the facts.

If the appeal was not lodged and/or the security deposit for appeal not paid within the deadline specified in article 3.4.6, the appeal will be declared inadmissible without hearing.

3.4.2.4 Security deposit for appeals

The amount of the security deposit is 1'320 Euros.

This security deposit may only be returned if the appeal is upheld.

3.4.3 Security deposit payable upon an adjournment

If an adjournment to call further witnesses is ordered upon the request of one of the parties involved, this party must provide an additional financial guarantee within a time limit to be fixed by the disciplinary body. The hearing will not be continued until this guarantee has been paid. In case of no provision of the guarantee within the time limit, the disciplinary body will make a determination on the appeal based on the evidence of the original witness.

3.4.4 Time limits to be observed for appeal hearings

The FIM Appeal Stewards must be convened to examine an appeal immediately after the brief of appeal is received.

The CDI must be convened to examine an appeal not later than 6 weeks after the brief of appeal is received.

The FIM Appeal Stewards and the CDI must in all cases pronounce a decision.

3.4.5 Effect of an appeal

On request of the appellant, the FIM Appeal Stewards may decide a stay of the provisional execution adjudicated by the FIM RC Stewards by injunction or in its decision.

On request of the appellant, the CDI may decide a stay of the provisional execution adjudicated by the FIM Appeal Stewards by injunction or in its decision.

3.5 Procedure before all the Disciplinary and Arbitration Bodies

3.5.1 Right to a hearing

It shall be the unquestionable right of any person or body charged with any offence under the Regulations to defend themselves, either in person or by proxy.

Any party convened before a disciplinary or arbitration body has the right to be represented by one defense counsel of its own choice and at its own expense. Adequate notice of this intention must be given in order that this may also be notified to all other parties in the case. Failure to do so may result in the disciplinary or arbitration body upholding an objection to such representation.

If any of the parties duly convened do not appear, judgment can be rendered by default.

The disciplinary or arbitration bodies may decide that the hearing take place by means of a telephone conference call or through any other means of communication using a telephone or electronic device. Such a method of conducting a hearing shall only take place with the consent of all parties involved.

3.5.2 The hearing

The hearing shall be public unless the disciplinary or arbitration body itself decides otherwise in exceptional circumstances.

The hearing shall be conducted in one of the official languages of the FIM. Should one of the parties wish to use another language, it shall provide the necessary interpreters at its own costs.

The appellant must be present or duly represented, failing which, the protest will not be admissible and the costs shall be borne by the appellant.

Once the President has opened the proceedings, he will invite the parties involved to state their respective cases without the witnesses being present.

After statements of the parties concerned, the disciplinary or arbitration body shall hear the various witnesses and experts in order to complete the evidence. The parties involved in the case shall have the right to question all witnesses and experts on their evidence.

Any member of the disciplinary or arbitration body may, at any time during the hearing and with the President's approval, question any of the parties involved, the witnesses and experts.

3.5.3 Witnesses and Experts

Each party is responsible for the convening and appearance of its own witnesses, as well as their expenses unless decided otherwise by the Court.

The disciplinary or arbitration body has no authority to oblige the witnesses to swear on oath; therefore, testimony shall be given freely. The witnesses may only testify to the facts they know and shall not be allowed to express an opinion, unless the disciplinary or arbitration body should regard them as experts on a particular subject and should ask them to do so.

After having made their statements, the witnesses may not leave the Courtroom and shall not be allowed to speak to any other witness who has still to give evidence.

The Court may summon experts.

3.5.4 Judgement

Decisions of all disciplinary or arbitration bodies will be reached in camera by a simple majority of votes. All members will have equal voting rights which must be exercised when a decision is required. Abstention is not permitted.

Each member of the disciplinary or arbitration body binds himself to keep all deliberations secret.

3.5.5 Notification of judgements

The decisions of the FIM RC Stewards or of the FIM Appeal Stewards must be notified directly at the event venue, or failing that, addressed by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt or by electronic mail.

All judgements of the CDI must be notified, in writing, by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt or by electronic mail in order to inform all the parties concerned.

3.5.6 Publication of judgements

The disciplinary or arbitration body imposing a penalty or adjudicating a protest or an appeal must have its findings published and quote the names of all parties concerned. The persons or bodies quoted in these statements have no right of action against the FIM nor against any person having published the statement.

Furthermore, final decisions will be published by press release, in the Media Centre and in the FIM website and/or FIM Magazine unless the Court itself decides otherwise.

3.6 Costs of procedure

The costs of a disciplinary or arbitration decision will be assessed by the FIM Executive Secretariat and will be awarded against the losing party, unless the Court decides otherwise.

3.6.1 Payment of fines and costs

If the penalty is definitive, all fines must be paid into the Benevolent Fund before the beginning of the first practice of the second round following the final decision. The costs must be paid to the FIM Executive Secretariat within 30 days of notification of the judgement decision according to Article 3.5.5.

The person or body affected by the decision shall be automatically suspended from participation in all FIM activities, until such time as full payment has been received.

3.7 Reciprocity of penalties

As a consequence of the agreement of reciprocity concluded on April 30th, 1949 between the 4 organisations controlling motorised sports internationally, i.e. in addition to the FIM, namely:

- the Fédération Internationale de l'Automobile (FIA)
- the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale (FAI)
- the Union Internationale Motonautique (UIM)

penalties of suspension or exclusion may also be applied to one or another of the sports represented by the above organisations, upon request of the FIM.

3.8 Law of Mercy

The Management Council, after consultation with the CJI President or upon his proposal, may mitigate or completely forgive the penalty of a person or group of persons after having exhausted all the appeal procedures

3.9 Arbitration Clause

Final decisions made by the disciplinary bodies (exception Art. 3.4.2.3) or the General Assembly of the FIM may be submitted exclusively to the Court of Arbitration for Sport by way of appeal within the time limit as laid down in Article 3.4.2.2, which shall have exclusive authority to impose a definitive settlement in accordance with the Code of Arbitration applicable to sport.



4. **CIRCUIT STANDARDS**

Circuit standards will be defined by the “FIM STANDARDS FOR CIRCUITS” (SRRC).



5. MEDICAL CODE

The regulations will be defined by the “FIM MEDICAL CODE”.



6. ANTI-DOPING CODE

The regulations will be defined by the “FIM ANTI-DOPING CODE”.



7. ENVIRONMENTAL CODE

The regulations will be defined by the “FIM ENVIRONMENTAL CODE”.



8. CODE OF ETHICS

The regulations will be defined by the “FIM CODE OF ETHICS”.



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